LEGISLATURE OF VIRGINIA.

THURSDAY, Jan. 15th, 1846. SENATE.

The House of Delegates communicated by their Clerk, the passage of a resolution for the election, on Saturday next, of the 1st and 2d Au-ditors and the other State officers. On motion of Mr. NEWMAN, the resolution was so amended as to postpone the election to the

first Tuesday in February next, (the 31.)

Mr. NEWMAN, from the Committee on Elections made a report in regard to the contested election in the Northern Neck District. Laid on the table and ordered to be printed.

[The report confirms the sitting member (Mr. lmith) in his seat. Mr. GALLAHER intimated his intention of offering a substitute to one of

the resolutions of the report.]

An act simplifying prosecutions for perjury was taken up on motion of Mr. THOMPSON On motion of Mr. WILLEY, the Senate took up the bill Authorizing battalion instead of regi-

mental musters in the 97th regiment. Mr. WILLEY read, by way of argument, sundry amendments providing for dispensing with all musters West of the Blue Ridge. Mr. BONDURANT moved to recommit the Mr. BONDURANT moved to recommit the bill with instructions to enquire into the expediency of dispensing with all militia musters, and providing for enrolling the militia, &c.

Mr. ROGERS opposed the motion, regarding the proposition as highly injurious—as striking the proposition as highly injurious—as striking

at the very existence of the whole militia sysem. Every officer would resign, &c.
Mr. BONDURANT argued that the present system was worthless; men were called together not to learn military tactics, for they were seldom manceavred-but generally they engaged in dissipation and vice, rather. He was not for dis banding the officers-but was willing to see them

trained longer, so as to prepare them for command in case of war. Mr. McMULLEN was opposed to the proposition. He did not think that calling men together for musters was so injurious as gentlemen seemed to fear. He certainly regarded the instructions as totally destructive of the whole mi-

litia system of the State. Mr. WALL : CE was also opposed to the proposition. He thought it probable that the gentleman from Buckingham based his proposition upon the defective performance of the duty which is now imposed upon the officers by the present laws. The system should not be destroyed, because some of its agents had not done their duty. Less now than at any other time ought

we to disband our militia.

Mr. THOMPSON of A. was in tavor of the present system. He considered musters were beneficial in many respects, and was, therefore, opposed to any innovation at present.

Mr CRAWFORD had listened attentively to

what had been said upon the subject. He hoped the bill, which had a specific object, would not be encumbered by these propositions, but that it would pass as it came from the Liouse of Delegates and make the change asked for cy the bill.

Mr WITCHER was opposed to the oroposition to re-commit. He thought the unit is a tearned much by musters;—they were better prepared for any sadden emergency, invasion, insurrec-Mr. NEWMAN, at first, was disposed to favor

the proposition of Mr. Bondurant-but was satisfied from what had been said, that the advantages were paramount to any disadvantages which might arise from the present system. Mr. GALLAHER was in favor of some improvement in the present system - but he dispair-

ed of it, as there were always such a number of militia officers in the Legislature as to pro any agreement as to what improvement was de-The Senate refused to re-commit the bill with

Mr. WOOLFOLK offered an amendment, which provides that the board of officers shall have power to substitute battallion in lieu of regimental musters throughout the Commonwealth.

Mr. WILLEY now offered his amendment as a substitute to the bill, dispensing with all musters West of the Blue Ridge. Mr. W. thought from what he had heard in this debate, that there was no prospect for his plan, but he felt it his duty to press it, regarding it as agreeable to the wishes of his constituents. The present system is burdensome, costing some ten or fitteen thousand dollars a year, for no conceivable benefit. He gave an amusing account of the appearance and performance of the militia in his county-though he said they would compare well with any other. He thought the whole system should be abandoned, and that no injury could

Mr. McMULLEN considered Mr. W. was mistaken as to the amount of expense of the present system, and that his proposition would inour a much greater expense.

Mr. GALLAHER would go for this plan, but

thought there was no chance for it. He hoped it would yet be adopted, or some such plan, at some time-though he preferred it should not be affixed o this bill lest it might endanger its passage, being in favor of its passage. Mr. SLOAN had not intended to say any thing on this subject, but felt called upon to vin-

dicate his regiment from the general description of the Western militia, given by the gentleman from Marion. Mr. Willey's substitute was lost. Mr. WALLACE moved a further amendment; bu', before the question was taken. On motion of Mr. CAPERTON, the bill was laid on the table

On motion of Mr. BONDURANT,

HOUSE OF DELEGATES.

A communication was received from the Se-nate, informing the House that the Senate had To incorporate the Taylor's Hotel Company

in the town of Winchester; and Concerning Baldwin Foster of the county of And with amendments the following bills:

Concerning Henry Tuggle of the county Concerning proceedings at rules.

The amendment to the bill concerning Henry

Tuggle was concurred in. The amendments t the bill concerning proceedings at rules were laid on the table, on motion of Mr. BOCOCK. The following resolutions were presented and By Mr. LAYNE. That the Committee on accepted.

Propositions and Grievances enquire into the expediency of passing a law authorizing the county court of Alleghany to allow a sum not exceeding twenty dollars for each wolf scalp killed in

By Mr. HARVIE. That the Committee of Nottoway Railroad Company.

By Mr. HARPER. That the Committee for

so amending the laws in relation to bail in civil so amending the laws in relation to bail in civil of its propriety. He did not approve of this actions, as to provide, that bail shall not be de- measure, and of others of a similar character, mandable, as of right, in any case, but it may be obtained in actions of debt, detinue and covenant in the same way in which it can now be obtained in other personal actions. And that the responsibility of the bail in all cases, shall be he would say, that this declaration had been so suit, in which bail was given.

Bills were presented, as follows: To authorize the Roanoke Navigation Company to sell the stock of delinquent Stockholders. Concerning trials in criminal cases.

Concerning the execution of criminals. Concerning Western lands. Petitions, &c., were presented and referred: By Mr. NEAL, of citizens of Wood and of Doddridge, each asking the incorporation of a Company, with power to construct a railroad tom some point on the Ohio river, not below the mouth of Little Kanawha, to a point on the Poto-

mae river, not below the mouth of the South By Mr. HALL of Taylor, of citizens of the By Mr. CAMDEN, of citizens of the county of

the preceding petitions. Also, of cutzens of the counties of Lewis and

Harrison, for a turnpike road from Clarksburg to Also, of Benjamin Skidmore, to change a

freet in the town of Sutton, in the county of Also, of citizens of Gilmer, to be attached to county of Lewis, and for a separate election in said county, at the house of James S. Farns-

of holding the elections throughout the State.

By Mr. McCLUNG, of citizens of the countemplated the extension to the Ohio River. The act of inc.

the Ohio River. The act of inc.

templated the extension to the Ohio River.

By Mr LEFTWICH, of members of the

Parts of the said counties and of the county of the Greenbrier. bar practising in the quarterly Courts of the county of Carroll, asking for a change of the time of holding the like of the canal to be profitable before it holding the said Court.

By Mr. PARKS, of justices of the peace and

Carroll remonstrating others of the county of Carroll, remonstrating River and Kanawha Company had expressed the the application.

against the passage of an act authorising magis- | opinion that it would become profitable as soon By Mr. CATHER, of citizens of the county of

Frederick, for the passage of an act to prevent the ravages of sheep killing dogs.

By Mr. BRAWNER, of Thomas Nelson, Sheriff of Prince William county, praying to be relieved from the payment of damages obtained against him by the Auditor. SOUTHWESTERN ROAD.

terminus of the road, and fixing the point for the commencement of the road at Newbern. He hoped the bill would be amended, as he could not vote an equality. It was far better to compromise and for it in its present shape. His previous vote in opposition to this bill had been severely criticised. Resolutions had been passed in Abingdon, plac-ing himself and his constituents under the ban of that town. He could never be driven to do what would be injurious to his constituents. He that such would be the effect of the pending wished to avoid the rivalry between Lynchburg amendment. and Buchanan which was calculated to defeat this measure. The future would determine whether Lynchburg or Buchanan was preferable as the terminus of the road. There was at present a good road from Lynchburg to the town of Newbern in Pulaski-a distance of ninety-five miles. Three years would be required to complete the road from Newbern to the Tennessee line. In that time the State, with respect to the James River canal, would be understood. It might be ascertained hereafter, that the road from Buchanan to Salem was unnecessary. The Southwestern im-provement never had a warmer friend than himself, and with the amendment proposed, he would

vote for the bill. Mr. FOX moved to lay the bill on the table, nd refer it to a select committee.

Mr. PENDLETON hoped the reference would

not be ordered. The effect would be to defeat the Mr. FOX believed that the conflicting views of gentlemen with respect to the eastern terminus of the road could be settled more easily out of the House; but as gentlemen who were friendly to the bill objected to this course, he would withdraw

his motion.

Mr. TAYLOR desired that the bill might pass in some shape. Perhaps it would be better to substitute an ordinary turnpike for a McAdamized Road. The bill might be rendered more

acceptable to the House.

Mr. THOMPSON, of Bottetourt, observed, that he spoke at all times with diffidence, but he felt especially embarrassed on the present occa-sion. Duty to his constituents required, that he should oppose this amendment. This was a matter of the utmost importance to those whom he represented. He desired that they might proceed with this subject harmoniously. On former occasions, when applications had been made for this road, Lynchburg and Buchanan appeared in opposition to each other. This was the case in 1842. The gentleman from Lynchburg, at that time, propounded to the Chief Engineer of the State certain inquiries in connection with this subject. The reply of the Engineer was contained in Document 25 of that session, which he would request the clerk to read. The Engineer had decided in favor of Buchanan as the Eastern terminus of the road. Upon the supposition that the canal was extended to Buchanan, and roads constructed from Lynchburg to Salem, and also from Buchanan to Salem, the coast of transpor-tation of produce to Lynchburg would be less on the latter than on the former line. There was every reason to believe that the canal would be extended to Buchanan, and even beyond that place. The faith of the State was pledged to the people of the The gentleman from Lynchburg had received the full benefit of the canal, and now he was perfectly indifferent to its extension. He relied upon the justice and good sense of the Legis- | nus was a matter of but little consequence at

lature to make the necessary appropriations for the continuation of the canal. Mr. BURWELL advocated the adoption of the amendment. The arguments addressed to the theman wishes the canal extended to Buchanan, House, satisfied him that it was necessary to propose some compromise of the conflicting interests of various sections. He was in favor of every would be extended. The gentleman should sawork of general interest that was not injurious to be crifice his county feeling to the great interests of his county. The gentleman from Bottetourt, and the Southwest. When the bill was first brought the gentlemen who represented the Southwest, were all influenced by the desire to promote the interests of their constituents. The ern terminus of this road was also undefined, because the conflicting interests of different counties might deleat the measure.— Again, to the East of Newbern the rivalry began to operate. According to the location proposed for the road, certain gentlemen were found arrayed either in opposition to the bill or in its favor. Newbern was the best point for the commencement of the road. A railroad was in contemplapass near Newbern, and the portion of the Turn-pike East of Newbern might be rendered entirely useless. In like manner, if the canal should not be extended to Buchanan, the road from Salem to Buchanan would be unnecessary. It had been demonstrated by the gentleman from

reconsideration of this bill, that the Southwest was justly entitled to this improvement. Mr. LANIER would vote for the bill if amend ed as proposed. He had felt constrained by duty to vote against this bill on a former occasion, and he now desired that the amendment might be adopted, in order that his vote might be recorded in favor of the bill.

Mr. GOODSON felt embarrassed by the proposition to amend. He was fearful lest, in their effort to gain, they might lose friends. He hoped a compromise might be effected. Gentlemen should not propose amendments unless they were o promote the success of the bill. It was conceded on all hands, that the work was of the utmost importance, and they should not permit it to be defeated by the rivalry of two towns. He was not particular as to the point of commencement of the work, provided the amend-ments were calculated to ensure the passage of There were other interests to be conciliated. The President of the James River and Kanawha Company bad acknowledged his oppo-si ion to this road from its very inception. Gentlemen should disregard mere local considera-

tions, and adopt a statesmanlike policy.

Mr. 'TAYLOR was anxious for the passage of the bill, and felt satisfied that the selection of Newbern as the point of commencement would

ensure its success.

Mr. HARVIE declared himself an impartia and disinterested friend of this bill. He should vote for it, at whatever point the road might commence. He hoped the amendment would be

Mr. JOHN H. CUSTIS observed that he seldom attempted to address the House, because there were others better qualified for the task than himself. There was a point beyond which forbearance ceased to be a virtue. He assured the House that he was not actuated Roads and Internal Navigation enquire into the by any unkind feelings towards the people expediency of incorporating the Amelia and of the West. He respected them as brethren, and would most willingly grant his aid to the worthy Courts of Justice inquire into the expediency of success of this measure, it he could be satisfied so amending the laws in relation to held in course of this measure, it he could be satisfied and must oppose them, lest the State should be placed in the condition in which it was when its bonds were dishonored. Gentlemen insist that this work will be profitable to the State. In reply imited to one year after judgment rendered in the often repeated, that it had lost its effect upon himthose he had the honor to represent. His constituents had been oppressed by appropriations to measures which were injurious rather than beneficial. He desired that their grievances might be speedily redressed, and their burdens lightened. This could more effectually be accompli-hed by reducing the taxes, than by making large appropriations for Internal Improvements. He called upon every Eastern man in the House

to consider well before he adopted this measure. Mr. OLER thought it better to compromise their differences than descat the bill. His amendment was offered with that view. The gentleman from Botetourt had referred to the report of the Chief Engineer. He should remember that the report was based upon the presumption that the canal would be extended to Buchanan. Had this plan been adopted? Should the canal be extended to Buchanan, the gentleman from Bote-tourt would come fortified with stronger claims upon the favorable consideration of the Legislature. There was before the House at this time a bill for the construction of a railroad from Richmond to Guyandotte. The Horse-shoe Bend of New River was a point on the line of railroad determined upon in the public mind, and the road from Newbern to Buchanan might be rendered entirely useless. When was it, that the faith of the State had been plighted for the extension of the canal beyond Lynchburg? If Also, of citizens of Lewis, to change the time there was any pledge it was rather to extend it to the Ohio River. The act of incorporation conties of Favette and Nicholas, remonstrating against the formation of a new county out of literally squandered. Where was the pledge to nd binding the faith of the State, to make still further appropriations? It was now proposed to substitute a better improvement for one that the table.

as it reached Lynchburg; that it would pay a dividend of 8 per cent, and leave a large surplus besides. At this moment the company is utterly bankrupt. The Legislature was to be petitioned by the company for a surrender of the debt due to the State. This Railroad Company would make what the stockholders of the James River following: and Kauawha Company declare to be a better improvement. The amendment proposed by him-self, did not preclude the adoption of Buchanan Mr. TOLER moved to strike out of the bill self, did not preclude the adoption of Buchanan the clause which made Buchanan the Eastern at a future day as the eastern terminus of the road. He asked no advantage for Lynchburg,

> recure the passage of the bill.
>
> Mr. BURWELL said the gentleman from Washington desired that no amendment should be offered which was not calculated to secure

Mr. GOODSON proposed to the gentleman to permit the town of Buchanan to remain in the bill with a provision requiring the work to com-

Mr. THOMPSON, since he had been thus appealed to, would propose to the gentleman from Lynchburg to substitute Salem in place of Newern as the point of commencement.

Mr. TOLER was willing that the road should

commence at Salem, provided Buchanan was not fixed as the Eastern terminus.

Mr. PENDLETON wished to effect a compromise. To the gentleman from Botetourt, he need not say that he was a friend to Buchanan and to the James River Improvment, and, above all others, the friend of the Southwest. The only difference was, as to the retension of Buchanan in the bill. Whether it were excluded or retained, the question would be equally open for the con-sideration of a future Legislature. An annual appropriation of \$75,000 would be required for the prosecution of the work from Salem to the Southwest. The selection of Salem ought to re-move every difficulty. There was much force in the views of the gentleman from Lynchburg on this subject. The future alone could cetermine whether it would be more advisable to continue the road from Salem to Lynchburg or to Buch-It was a difference about a mere shadow. As a friend to improvement and to the Sou hvest, he would appeal to the gentlemen to recon-

cile their difficulties Mr. THOMPSON would willingly accede to

the proposition, were it not in opposition to the Mr. TUNSTALL declared himself perfectly disinterested in this matter. He saw no good reason for any difference. Was it right that this great State work should be distroyed by the rivalbetween Lynchburg and Buchanan-this upper and nether millstone? He regretted to see these petty jealousies and rivalries. This improvement was to infuse the principle of life into the West. He was glad to see the people the West still relying upon their own State for these necessary improvements, rather than seeking for them elsewhere. Should the conflict be-tween two towns defeat this great measure?-Would they say to the Southwest, You shall not have one hundred and fifty miles of the improvement, because a few miles at the Eastern terminus were undetermined. This was the plainest question of compromise in the world. Salem was a common point of divergence for a road to Lynchburg or to Buchanan, and he would adopt any compromise that would remove the difficulty.

Mr. BROADUS moved to amend the amend

ment of Mr. Toler, by substituting Salem in the place of Newbern. Accepted.

Mr. BROADUS hoped the conflicting interests would be compromised. The Eastern termipresent. The gentleman from Botetourt should accept the amendment as medified by his motion. and should endeavar to conciliate the friends of in, Lynchburg was accommodated. As the bil' now stands, no provision is made in favor of Lynchburg. He had said, that he did not know why he should advocate this measure, against the wishes of many of his constituents, when gentlemen from the Southwest, immediately interested in the improvement, were found in opposi-

addressed to him, withdrew all opposition amendment, with the declaration, that he would rely upon the justice and liberality of a future Legislature. The amendment was adoptedaves 70; noes not counted. The question recurred upon the engrossment o!

Mr. HIETT called for the ayes and noes. Mr. GARNETT regretted that he was com-pelled to oppose the bill. Since the various interesis of Lynchburg, of Buchanan, and of the Southwest were accommodated, he would call upon all the opponents from the East—those who had to pay for the appropriation—to rally around him. This measure could not promote the interests of Eastern Virginia either directly or indi-

Mr. CHISMAN explained his vote. He had hoped to hear from his constituents on this subject; not having heard from them, he would b.

compelled to vote against the bill Mr. BALDWIN would say a few words in consequence of the appeal from the gentleman there was an anti-improvement party in the gislature to make improvements, in whole or in part, on State account. The other fears the danger of excess and extravagance. He would not argue the position assumed by the first class, but to the second he would say, that they defeated their own object. Look at the results of their policy. It was well known that it was much easier to obtain five millions of dollars than twenty thousand. This was the result of the sysem of log-rolling which was forced upon the friends of improvement by the indiscriminate opposition of its enemies. A system of log-rolling had been adopted, which was justifiable upon every principle of honesty and fairness. Take, for instance, the Southwestern Road. He and his people were willing to vote away one million of dollars for any purpose, in order to obtain this improvement, which itself alone would not cost more than four hundred thousand dollars. The bill, as it now appeared before the House, was free from the influence of this system, and stood alone upon its merits. It should be their efpatronage of the State. It was impossible to serutinize fairly the various schemes of improvement, when their merits were thus blended together. — This improvement would not involve the State in

debt, and it would offer the olive branch to the South-west, and satisfy their just demands.

Mr. RICE belonged to that class of member. which believed the Legislature had no right to make appropriations for particular sections. The gentleman from Giles and Mercer, in his able speech, had said there was no necessity for the discussion of the power of the Legislature. It was the abuse, and not the exercise of the power, that he objected to. He called upon the friends of the East to oppose the bill.

The ayes and noes being called, the result was

as follows:
Ayes-Messrs. Southall, Brown of A., Layne, Harvie, Powell, Baldwin, Massie, Dickinson of Bath, Burwell, Mitchell, Boak, Campbell, Miller, Thompson of B., Camden, Toler, Fox, Broadus, Moss, Scott, Hall of F., Deskins, Stillman, Wall, Cather, Pendleton, Leake, Parks, Callison, Lee, Flowers, McRae, Wootton, Turner, Townstee, McRae, Wootton, Turner, Townstee, McRae, Wootton, Turner, Townstee, McRae, Wootton, Turner, Townstee, McRae, Wootton, er, Patrick, Duff, Goare, M'Intyre, Taylor, Ellzey, Gordon, Clayton, Parriott, Wade, Hamilton, Edmondson, Michael, jr., Cabell, Newton, Edgington, Hiner, Syme, Tunstall, Lanier, Arbogast, Cocke, Fairfax, Lyons, Pritchard, Gold, Harper, Mariz, Fugate, Denison, Stickley, Tate, Hall of Taylor, Lc d, West, Goodsen, Neal and

Leftwich-74. Noes—Messrs. Goode, (Speaker.) W. H. B. Custis, J. H. Custis, Turnbull, Maclin, Bocock, Flood, Adkins, Dickinson of C., Lacy, Carrington, Winfree, Hobson, Thompson of D., Chisman, Garnett, McClung, Street, Jones, Walker, Edmunds, Stovall, Hiett, Thompson of H., Brown of H., Godwin, Wallace, Gaines, Gresham, Bagley, Banks, Shepard, Alexander, Kilby, Happer, Yerby, Middleton, Oliver, Davis, McPherson, Tatum, Dey, McDearmon, Daniel, Brawner, Strother, Cowan, Holladay, Chinn, Dillard and

On motion, the House adjourned.

ed sundry bills. the Library, made a report, which was laid on Holladay, Oliver, Chinn, Dillaid, Freeman and

Mr. WITCHER stated his reasons for voting The bill passed-ayes 21, n

On motion of Mr. THOMPSON of A., the Senate took up the bill divorting Jno. J. Camp-Mr. STRINGER, some days since, offered the

Resoin d, That 640 copies of the Report of the Resolve d, That 640 copies of the Report of the Committee on Finance of the House of Delegates be printed for the use of the members of the Senate. To this, this morning, he offered as a substitute, "that 1000 copies of the Report of the 2d Auditor, of the condition of the debt and resources of the Commonwealth, be printed for the use of the members of the Senate."

Mr. CARRETT moved 5,000 copies instead.

Mr. GARRETT moved 5,000 copies instead of 1,000, which was adopted.

Messis. Woolloik, Garrett, Witcher and Wallace preferred the original resolution.

Messrs. Stringer, Gallaher, Bondurant, McMullen and Caperton were in favor of the substi-

The substitute was adopted.

Mr. WOOLFOLK proposed to add: "Also, 5,000 copies of the report of the Committee on Finance of the House of Delegates."

Mr. McMULLEN moved to strike out 5,000. Mr. WOOLFOLK'S amendment was lostayes 14, noes 15.

The resolution was then adopted-ayes 23,

ecurive communication, enclosing a statement of the condition of the Virginia Bank. A message was received from the House, by

Mr. Harvie, that they had disagreed to the Se-nate's amendment, postponing the election of cer-tain officers of Government. Mr. WOOLFOLK moved to postpone the resolution to Monday next. The motion was opposed by Mr. BONDU-RANT, and lost—ayes 12, noes 16 Mr. McMULLEN moved that the Senate in-sist upon their amendment. Carried.

An act authorizing the payment for sundry im-provements in the Hall of the House of Delegates and Senate Chamber, was passed. The bill for simplifying indictments for perjury was taken up, on motion of Mr. WALLACE, and passed with amendments. On motion of Mr. SMITH, the Senate ad-

passed the bilis entitled, An act a ending the act entitled, "An act authorizing the purchase of a lot for the accommo-

An act prescribing and regulating the mode of raising money to defray the cost of building a new court-house in the county of Botetourt; An act requiring the purchase of a lot and im-

dation of live stock taken to the scales to be

An act to incorporate the Harper's Ferry and

Shenardoah Manufacturing Company; With amendments, in which they request concurrence of the House of Delegates. The amendments were concurred in. A message was received from the Senate by Mr. Newman, who informed the House that the Senate agreed to the resolution for the election on to morrow of certain officers of Government, with an amendment proposing to strike out "Saturday next, the day fixed for the election of said officers, and inserting in lieu thereof the words, "the third day of February next," in which amendment they asked the concurrence of the gates, were read and committed. House of Delegates. The said amendment

tion being thereupon, the amendment was disagreed to-ayes 77, noes 47. The following resolutions were presented and By W.M. H. B. CUSTIS. That the Com- the Lexington Military Institute. mittee for Courts of Justice enquire into the expediency of providing by law a remody for filling cets of Government was brought in a message

vacancies that may occur in the office of stewards of poor houses. By Mr. LYONS. That a Committee be appointed to enquire what repairs are necessary to the Capitol and Governor's House, and what adexpedient to repair the Museum building, for the of the University. use of the Courts; and that the said Committee have authority to contract for the necessary rependitures for furniture as they deem necessary; such expenditures to be made under the direction of the superintendent of public buildings .- Committee: Messrs Lyons, Brawner, Turner, Denison. Mariz and Saunders.

On motion of Mr. YERBY, the following resolution was taken up and made the order of the day for to-morrow.

Resolved, That the Committee of Finance be instructed to report a bill, setting apart from the surplus in the Treasury, on the 1st of October, 1846,) after delraying the current expenses of the Covernment,) and annually thereafter, the sum of one hundred thousand dollars, to be applied, in Mr. BAPTI addition to the appropriations heretofore made

Primary Schools. Bills were presented as follows: Establishing the county of --- out of the coun-Authorizing a separate election at the house of Leonard Brake, in the county of Hardy. Concerning Lieutenant Elijah Brown of the

Public Guard in the city of Richmond. To incorporate the Martinsburg Manufacturing Company. To incorporate the Madison Company of Rich-

Concerning Ambrose Hutchison. Annexing to the county of Marion a part of the county of Monongalia

The Speaker laid before the House a communication from the Governor, transmitting a state-ment of the condition of the Bank of Virginia on the 1st inst, which on motion of Mr. DANIEL, was ordered to be laid upon the table and printed.

By Mr. HARPER, of the corporation of the town of Lexington, asking for a law for the ex-tension of its limits, and other purposes. By Mr. DESKINS, of citizens of Floyd county, for the passage of an act incorporating the Trustees of the Jacksonville Academy. Also, of chizens of Floyd and Franklin counties, for

By Mr. LYONS, from the Common Council of the city of Richmond, asking for amendments By Mr. DANIEL, of the County Court of Prince George, praying that the Justices of the Prace in this State, may be provided with He-

ning's Justice.

A bill entitled an act concerning proceedings at rules, with the amendments thereto proposed by the Senate, was taken up on motion of Mr. SCOTT, and the said amendments being read, were severally disagreed to. The following bills were passed:

Concerning Gustavus Burion; Fixing the School quotas of Gilmer and Doddridge counties and the counities out of which they were formed; Incorporating the President and Directors of the

Southwestern Turnpile Road, and for other pur-On motion of Mr. EDMUNDS the ayes and noes were called on the Southwestern Road bill, and the result was as follows:

Ayes-Messrs, Southall, Brown of Albemarle, Layne, Harvie, Powell, Baldwin, Massie, Dick-Thompson of Botetourt, Camden, Miller, Toler, Fox, Broadus, Scott, Hail of F., Deskins, Stillman, Wall, Cather, Pendleton, Leake, Parks, Callison, Lee, Flowers, McRae, Wootten, Turner, Towner, Patrick, Duil, Goare, McIntyre, Taylor, Elizey, Gordon, Clayton, Adams, University of the Cambridge of inson of B., Burwell, Mitchell, Boak, Campbell, Taylor, Ellzey, Gordon, Clayton, Adams, Hamilton, Edmondson, Michael, Cabell, Newton, Edgington, Hiner, Syme, Tunstall, Lanier, Aror business in which the committee might be inbogast, Cocke, Long, Lvons, Prichard, Gold, Harper, Cowan, Fugate, Denison, Stickley, Tate, Hall of Taylor, Laird, West, Funsten, Goodson, terested, would be acted on in their absence.

Neal and Leftwich-72.
Ness-Messrs. Goode, (Speaker,) Wm. H. B. Custis, J. H. Custis, Turnbull, Maclin, Bocock, Flood. Dickinson of C. Lacy, Carrington, Winsubstituted. The Standing and Special Committees reported sundry bills.

The Standing and Special Committees reported sundry bills.

Mr. BAPTIST, from the Joint Committee on be Library, made a report, which was laid on be Library, made a report, which was laid on be table.

On motion of Mr. WOOLFOLK the Sandre County of Page; and the bill be deeply and instructively studied by future generations.

Married, at Waverly, on Thursday, January 1st, by the Rev. Charles Mann, Wm. W. Crewner, of the city of Richmond, to Mary S., elder daughter of Philip Edward Tabb, Esq., of the county of Gloncester, and the bill on the Committee on the Committee on the Committee of Elections on the contested election from the Northern Neck District, was taken too from the Northern Neck District, was tak free, Hobson, Thompson of D., Garnett, M'Clung,

The gentleman from Giles and Mercer had asked, who expected the canal to be profitable before it reached the Ohio? The President of the James River and Kanawha Company had supposed to the Mr. WOOLFOLK explained the grounds of sibility of voting for the hill trustice of the lames of the James River and Kanawha Company had supposed to the entire delegation from the Southwest, and would take the responsibility of voting for the hill trustice of the lames with the lames of the lames of

An act extending the provisions of the act authorizing the Banks to issue small notes was taken up.
Mr. HARVIE offered an amendment, by way

of ryder, to the bill:
"Be it further enacted, That from and after the passage of this act, the Banks of this Commonwealth shall be prohibited from paying at their counters the notes of any Banks not located with-in the limits of the State of Virginia."

The bill was advocated by Messrs. Syme, La-nier, Cocke, Pendleton, Lyons and Tunstall, and opposed by Messrs. Harvie, John H. Custis and Leake.

A motion was made by Mr. LEAKE, that the further consideration of the bill and ryder be indefinitely postponed; and the ayes and noes be-ing called for by Mr. BRAWNER, the result

was as follows:

Ayes—Messis, Goode, (Speaker,) John H. Custis, Layne, Harvie, Powell, Miller, Turnbull, Maelin, Bocock, Wintree, Thompson of Din-Maelin, Boecck, Winiree, Thompson C. Swiddle, Chisman, Moss, Scott, Jones, Leake, Parks, Walker, Edmunds, Stovall, Hiett, Thompson of Hampshire, Brown of Hanover, Godwin, Boulay, Banks Gaines, Duff, Goare, Gordon, Bagley, Banks, Clayton, Shepard, Alexander, Edmondson, New-ton, Middleton, Davis, McPherson, Hiner, Mc-Dearmon, Daniel, Brawner, Pritchard, Martz, Cowan, Fugate, Denison, Stickley, Sebrell, Hol-laday, Chinn, Dillard, Freeman, Laird and Funsten-55. Nocs-Messrs, Wm. H. B. Custia Southall

The SPEAKER laid before the Senate an Ex- Brown of Albemarle, Baldwin, Massie, Dickinson of Bath, Burwell, Mitchell, Boak, Campbell, his politics, that if he were against the notice last Camden, Floed, Toler, Fox, Dickinson of Caro-line, Lacy, Broadus, Holson, Garnett, Hall of line, Lacy, Broadus, Holson, Garnett, Hall of Fanquier, McClung, Stillionan, Street, Saunders, Wail, Cather, Pendleton, Callison, Lee, Flowers, McRae, Turner, Towner, Patrick, Wallace, Gresham, McIntyre, Taylor, Ellzey, Parriott, Wade, Hamilton, Michael, Kilby, Cabell, Yerby, Oliver, Edgington, Syme, Tunstall, Lanier, Arbogast, Cocke, Fairfax, Dey, Long, Strother, Lyons, Gold, Harper, Tate, Hall of Taylor, West, Goodson, Rice, Neal and Lettwich—67.

The onestical recurred hyper reading the under

The question recurred upon reading the tyder a second time, and it was determined in the ne-The question was then put upon the passage of the bill, and it was determined in the athruative. The ayes and noes were called for by Mr. DENISON, and resulted as follows:

dus, Hoison, Garrett, Hall of F., McClung, Stillman, Street, Saunders, jr., Wall, Cather, Pendlejon, Callison, Lee, Flowers, McRae, Turner, Towner, Patrick, Wallace, Gresham, Mclutyre, Taylor, Ellzey, Partiott, Wade, jr., Hamilton, Michael, jr., Kilby, Cabell, Yerby, Oliver, Edgington, Syme, Tunstail, Lanier, Arbonal, Cokko, Fairfay, Dev. Long. Symbar, Ly. gast, Cocke, Fairfax, Dey, Long, Strother, Lyons, Gold. Harper, Tale, Hall of T., West, Goodson, Rice, Neal, and Leftwich-67.

They have also passed the bills entitled:
An act concerning the admission of patients into the Lunatic Asylums of this Commonwealth;

An act concerning the admission of patients into the Lunatic Asylums of this Commonwealth; H., Brown of H., Godwin, Gaines, Duff, Goare, Gorden, Bagley, Banks, Clayton, Shepard, Alex-ander, Middleton, Davis, McPaerson, Tatum, Hiner, McDearmon, Daniel, Brawner, Pruch-ard, Mariz, Cowan, Fugate, Denison, Stickley, great principles of justice and liberty, and we as-Holladay, Chinn, Dillard, Freeman, Laird, Funs-

ten-54. On motion of Mr. HINER, the House ad-

> SATURDAY, 17th JANUARY, 1846. SENATE.

being read, a motion was made by Mr. HARVIE | Superior Courts was returned: the House having of that the House disagree to the stime; and the ques- disagreed to the Senate's amendments.

Senate insist upon its amendments. Adonted. Executive communication, covering a report of Whig Tribune—Greeley—the big toads in the the Lexington Military Institute.

Whig Tribune—Greeley—the big toads in the puddle. Straws are said to show "which way

by Mr. Harvie-that the House of Delegates had South, her men, women and children, were agreed to the Senate's amendment, with an abosed, villified and threatened in set phrases of amendment—fixing January 27 for the election the Garrison school, show which way the affections and sympathics of this newspaper, with se ment, as bringing on the election too early, espe- extensive a Southern circulation, are directed ?ditions to and changes in the furniture of the Go- cially as several members of the Senate were to The direct enemy to the South, existing at this verner's House; and also to enquire whether it is be absent on a Committee to investigate the affairs day, is the National Intelligencer: an enemy

pair-to the Governor's House, and for such ex-pair-to the Governor's House, and for such ex-pandings for furniture as they deem peressary: Mr. WALLACE knew that there were circumstances connected with the investigation of doing, more to stimulate lanatical, incendiary abothe affairs of the University, which might require litionism, than the efforts of every declared abolithe Committee to remain longer than the time al-

lowed by the amendment. mendment, and could see no reason for delay.

Mr. NEWMAN could see no reason for hurrying the election. What object was to be accomplished by it? The committees who had to investigate the affairs of these departments had made no reports-and we knew not what was

Mr. BAPTIST said the Library Committee, of which he was the Chairmain, had performed by law from the Literary Fund, to the support of their duty; their report had been presented, and was now lying upon the table. He thought it ments; and thus, for the benefit of Whiggery, to quite indifferent when we went into the election— cheat them into the belief that the Southern pawhether on the 3d of February or the 27th January-and was surprised to see so much zeal manifested by gentlemen on both sides. On motion of Mr. McMULLEN, the resolu-

> cerning the Price's Turn; ike and Cumberland Gap Road was taken up and passed. On motion of Mr. STRINGER, the vote of yesterday, respecting the printing of certain do-cuments, was reconsidered; and, on motion of cratic brethren in the Senate (when he arrives)

port to the House of Delegates, for the use of the members of the Senate. Mr. WOOLFOLK proposed to reconsider the adoption of the resolution appointing a commit-tee to investigate the affairs of the University, so The following Petitions, &c, were presented as to discharge the Senate's committee from the performance of that duty.

ing of 5000 copies of the Finance Committee re-

Mr. McMULLEN hoped the motion would prevail. The business of this body would demand the presence of every member. Mr. MOORE was opposed to it, for he was in favor of an investigation of the affairs of the

for then he could rely upon the report they might make. Mr. BAPTIST conceived, that this body could not now spare its members. Business of impor-

tance would soon come before us. Had the com-mittees acted earlier, he should not now favor the motion. Besides, the committee from the House of Delegates could do all that was necessary.

portance as to demand the discharge of the comtion. The State had founded this great institu-tion, and he deemed it of the highest importance that the Senate should participate in the respon-

sible duty of investigating its affairs. the visit of this committee, a meeting of the Board of Visiters had been called, and he hored the grasp of our intelligence.-And such may, for this, and for reasons stated by others, the motion would not prevail. Mr. BONDURANT considered it very im-

portant for the committee to visit the University.

An expectation had been created in the public mind, and he thought it ought not to be disap-Mr. WITCHER was also in favor of continu-

Having this assurance from several members, Mr. WOOLFOLK withdrew his motion.

An act concerning John E. Dickinson, of the county of Pinsylvania, was parsed. On motion of Mr. WITCHER, the Senate ad-

THE ENQUIRER.

RICHMOND, VA. Monday Morning, January 19, 1846.

[Correspondence of the Richmond Enquirer.] WASHINGTON CITY, Jan. 16, 1846. The Senate were not in session to-day, nor do

they meet again until Monday next.

In the House, Mr. Hamlin of Maine, the Chairman of the Committee on Elections, moved to put off the consideration of the Florida Election case until the return of the sitting member, Mr. Cabell, who is now absent on a visit to New York. His suggestion was of course com plied with. Mr. Rockwell of Connecticut then commenced hammering on the Oregon question, and hammered, hammered, hammered, until his hour was up. Messrs. Pollock of Penn., and Goodyear of N. Y., each also spoke upon the quesof Virginia has the floor for to-morrow. It is is not to be depended on, however; for, of late years, he has been on all sides of all questions, and has so remarkable a turn for shifting week, the chances are, that he may be for it tomorrow. Neither of the orators set the river on fire to-day. They were as dull as the question is names, residences and occupations of all persons

batch of country weeklies that have been laying heading for such lists is annexed. over for months in the post office. I regret to write you that the Hon. Mr. Taylor of

I have once or twice taken occasion to write you that the National Intelligencer of this City is thoroughly "abolition" in its sympathies. This is the opinion of those even of its own party, who HOUSE OF DELEGATES.

A communication was received from the Senate, informing the House that the Senate had

A communication was received from the Senate, informing the House that the Senate had

A communication was received from the Senate had become the from the Senate had become the from the Senate had become the following announcement, which, in the opinion of those even of its own party, who have taken the treuble to watch its columns for two or three years past. I find in that paper of the duties assigned you, and make final returns the following announcement, which, in the communication was received from the Senate had become the following announcement, which, in the communication was received from the Senate had become the following announcement, which, in the communication was received from the Senate had become the following announcement, which, in the duties assigned you, and make final returns the following announcement,

the City of New York, and adopted unanimously, with six cheers for Cassins M. Clay and the Freedom of the Press': Resolved, That we regard the destruction of

free speech and the rights of man, and the authors of that outrage are deserving of the severest re-"Resolved. That we tender to Cassius M. Clay our fervent gratitude for his struggles and sacrifices in the great cause of universal freedom, and we trust his devotion will yet be crowned with

the amplest and most gratifying triumph. "Resolved, That we are deeply indebted to Mr. in that our ardent wishes will attend him in all his future efforts in behalf of universal

These resolutions, even without the name of are sufficient to designate the character of the The several bills, from the House of Dele- introduces with as much apparent sympathy The bill concerning proceedings at rules in the Superior Courts was returned: the House having of both parties, say that it was wholly and solely an abolition pow-wow, without pre-Mr. THOMPSON of Amherst moved that the tensions to any thing else, at which, account to the Globe, "negroes were as plenty as peb-bles;" they being, along with the editor of the of Texas. the wind blows." Does not this paternal intro-duction of an abelition meeting, at which the the Garrison school, show which way the affecthe more dangerous, because fighting insidiously;
-not daring to hoist its true colors, and avers to allowed for the Committee to perform their duty and return.

Mr. WALLACE knew that there were cir
and present course of that paper, has done, and is endorsement its lavish praise of individual aboli-Mr. BONDURANT was in favor of the tionists, and its sturdy defence of their incendiary movements in and out of Congress-all, all combine to afford them the very support-the pros pect (however distant) of final success, which keeps the party together, and nerves them to redoubled exertions.

John P. Cocke, Wm. L. Booker, E. G. Leigh, T. E. Jeter, Wm. J. Cheatham, and B. M. Jones, a I am much mistaken, if Mr. John Hampder Pleasants does not intend, with his new paper, to "out Herod Herod:" to take the lead of the Intelligencer, if possible, in exciting Abolitionism by showing Southern Whigs mpathy in their movetrons of either of these gentlemen are ceasing to detest their incendiary principles, and beginning, like the Whigs of the North, to coalesce with them. They agitate to affect public opinion at the South; and Messrs. Gales and Pleasants praction was laid on the table, till the 26th inst.

On motion of Mr. CAPERTON, the bill contically tell them to go on—that they are succeed-

ing to admiration. I perceive that some of the New York Federal papers are speculating upon Houston's probable Mr. WOOLFOLK, the S-nate ordered the printing of 5000 copies of the Engage Committee of the Prince Com They bark up the wrong tree. I know from himself, that he thoroughly coincides with all the recommendations of the message. MACON.

We have seen in the Lynchburg Republican of the 15th instant, an article headed "Gov. Smith," with an extract of a letter from Richmond, speaking in terms very flattering of our new Governor, and commending his recent removals and appointments. And we have also seen, in the same pa-University. If the University was guilty of the mocrat." Without designing to make an issue bab'e income having been exhibited to us, charges made, he wished to know it. So he with either the Editor of the Republican, his wor-wanted a Committee of this body to go there thy correspondent in Richmond, or a "Mountain Democrat." as to the sound Democratic principles of Gov. Smith-of which, probably, we entertain a higher opinion than either-we must say, that we do not consider the occasion has and, when that time shall arrive, we shall be Mr. THOMPSON of A. hoped the motion found as willing and as ready to do him justice, would not prevail. He thought it was best for the University that the investigation should take place, and he was not aware of business of such im-"wishy-washy" on any subject-much less in sustaining a faithful officer. We entertain our Mr. WALLACE was also opposed to the mo- own opinions decidedly in regard to the merits of be published in the public papers of Richmond neither will be found to have more sincere friends than ourselves, when they discharge their duties Mr. CAPERTON said, that in anticipation of properly. But, really, there are some matters to which a factitions importance is given beyond possibly, be the appointment of three Directors of the English news having brought the market to a the Penitentiary, and a Doctor, skilled or unskilled, to minister to the felons of the State.

For the information of our readers, we trans-

cribe the following Letter Patent, by which our ing the Committee. Doubtless much good might be expected from the investigation, and he was been authorized to receive subscriptions for the satisfied that no business of general importance, Monument in honor of General Jackson. We declined; sales a 71 a 8 cents for kegs and barrels, Mr. GALLAHER was discharged from serv- ings to do his duty, in promoting so noble an ening on this committee, and Mr. MOORE was terprize. These voluntary tributes of the people to the memories of Washington and Jackson Mr. CRAWFORD moved the Senate to take will illustrate the History of America, and will

timonials of a free and happy people. From the preach at Free Union,

generous contributions made clsewhere, we have reason to believe that the work will not fail .-Virginia ought to be among the last to whom any blame for remissness should be imputed:

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 25, 1845. Sir: Having confidence in your integrity and patriotism, we hereby appoint you, by virtue of authority vested in us by the citizens of Washington, our agent for the purpose of collecting funds to build an equestrian statue in memory of General Andrew Jackson.

In the execution of this high trust, we recommend a call upon every partiol citizen in all eccupations of life, and of whatever party, as it is not as a partisan, but as a warrior, pat statesman, that this tribute to the illustrious dead

You will be governed by the following regula-

1st. You will ask no contribution exceeding one hundred dollars, but will accept of any sum however large or small.

2d. It is very desirable that cash should in all cases be received at the time of subscription; but if you meet with individuals who desire to contion, and advocated the notice. Mr. Pendleton tribute, but find it inconvenient to pay in hand, it is recommended that you propose to take their notes payable to yourself at not more than sixty rumored that he goes with his brother Whigs- days, to be collected by you when due, and re-Winthrop, Webster, Rockwell, &c. This rumor muted as hereafter required.

31. You will give receipts to all persons from whom you may have received money in the following form, viz:

dollars, for the use of the Jackson Monument Committee, to whom I acknowledge myself accountable therefor. ______, 1845.
4th. You will keep separate lists, showing the becoming—as dull as the two days' later news from Europe, which reached Washington this thereof, inducing subscribers to write their own from Europe, which reached Washington this morning, and which is about as interesting as a names thereto as far as practicable. A suitable

mittee monthly, or oftener, if convenient, all funds Va. is suffering from a severe fit of sickness.—
He has not been able to attend the House more than two or three days in the last three weeks. I do not learn, however, that he is dangerously ill. credit of Francis P. Blair, Treasurer. 6th. You will retain out of moneys collected

5th. You will forward to the Clerk of this Com-

though short, is none the less expressive.

"The following are the resolutions moved by Mr. Greeley at the great meeting, to hear the address of Cassius M. Clay, at the Tabernacle, in three monus from this case.

All communications to this Committee must be addressed to "Robert Johnson, Esq., Clerk to the Jackson Monument Committee, Washington, D. C.," who will sign or countersign all let-

ton, D. C., who will sign or countersign all lec-ters sent to you hereafter.

C. JOHNSON, Chairman.

F. P. Blair, Jesse E. Dow, Thomas Ritchie, B.
B. French, Amos Kendall, John W. Maury, Jno.
P. Van Ness, C. K. Gardner, John C. Rives, Jas.
Hoban, W. A. Harris, C. P. Sengstack, Com'lec. the True American Press by a mob at Lexington, Kentucky, as a direct attack on the rights of APPOINTMENTS BY THE PRESIDENT Bu and with the advice and consent of the Senate.

John W. Brockenbrough of Virginia, to be
Judge of the District Court of the United States for the western district of Virginia, in the place of

> George II. Lee, to be attorney of the United States for the western district of Virginia, in the Custom House Officers.
> Robert S. Herndon, to be surveyor and inspector of the revenue for the port of Velasco, in the State of Texas

Issac S. Pennybacker, resigned.

Alexander Somerville, to be surveyor and inthe notorious Cassius M. Clay in connection, spectoriof the revenue for the port of Cavallo, in Galen Hodges, to be surveyor and inspector of the reverse, for the port of Matagorda, in the State of Texas.

> inspector of the revenue, for the port of Corpus Christi, in the State of Texas. W. C. V. Dashiel, to be Surveyor and inspector of the revenue, for the port of Sabine, in the State INTERNAL IMPROVEMENT. At a meeting of the civizens of Amelia, held in the Court-house, on Thursday, the 25th De-

cember, 1845, to take into consideration the netheir produce to market: . John T. Bottom was called to the Chair, and Capt. S. S. Weisiger appointed Secretary.

At the request of the Chair, Mr. Lewis E. Harvie briefly explained the object of the meeting.
He was followed by Mr. William L. Booker,

who, in a short and appropriate address, explained the advantages which the farmers of Amelia, and the adjoining counties, South of the Appo-mattox, would derive from the continuance of the Clover Hill Railroad to some suitable point on the Appoinantax. In his remarks, he referred to a survey which had been made for the purpose of ascertaining the cost of such a road. read a report, showing the cost and probable income of the road. The Chair then appointed Fabius Lawson

who, after retiring a short time, reported the fol-lowing preamble and resolutions, which were unanimously adopted: Your committee would respectfully report, that point on the Appomatlox, convenient and accessi-ble, is a subject of great and growing importance to the people of Amelia and the counties South, South-west and West of it. We are a people cut off from all the public improvements of the day, and from all facilities to market, with which other portions of our State are now favored.— The inconvenience and expense of the transporextreme, almost to the extent of one third of the product; and we hail with no little degree of satis-

improvement. Resolved, therefore, That our Delegate and Senator be instructed, so far as this meeting cas instruct them, to advocate the granting of a charter by the Legislature for the construction of a Rail. road from some suitable point on the Clover Hill Railroad to some suitable point on the Appomattox river. Resolved, That the citizens of Nottoway, Prince

faction the relief which would be afforded by this

Edward, Lunenburg, Halifax, Charlotte, and all others having a common interest with us, be re quested to unite with us in procuring such charter and constructing said road.

Resolved, That a survey of the road having the opinion of this meeting, that the income from said road will be sufficient to pay at least 6 per

cent, on the cost of the work. Resolved, That Lewis E. Harvie and B. M. Jones be appointed to confer with the President of the Richmond and Petersburg Railroad Company, the President of the Clover Hill Railroad Company, and the President of the Upper Appo-mattox Company, upon all subjects in which the Resolved, That in the opinion of this meeting the construction of said road should not be delayed, and that the work should be commenced as

Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting and Petersburg. JOHN T. BOTTOM, Ch'n. S. S. WEISIGER, Sec'y.

soon as two thirds of the estimated cost shall have

BALTIMORE MARKET, January 17. FLOUR-Dealers generally ask \$5 12 1-2, and we have heard of an offer to sell at less, but we have no sales to report—the rainy weather and dead stand. GRAIN-Receipts very limited. We continue

to quote good to prime red wheat at 106 a 110 cents. Sales of Maryland Yellow Corn at 61 a 62 cents, and Pennsylvania Yellow at 64 cents .-Oats 41 a 42 cts. Provisions-Operations in Bacon are limited. Western Shoulders 6 cents; Sides 7 a 7; Hama 7 a 8 cents. Baltimore Cared Shoulders 61 cents; Sides 71; Hams 81 cents, with sales. Lard has Whiskey-Prices steady, and transactions large at 24 cents for hogsheads, 25 cents for bols.

MARRIAGES. Married, on Tuesday, the 6th inst., by the Rev. Dr. Waller, Dr. John R. Baylon, to Miss Annie Bowen, daughter of Jas. M. Bowen, Esq.,

of New Orleans. Of course Powers, or some other distinguished American Sculptor, will be selected, to hand down to posterity the grateful tes-